SAFETY DATA SHEET



EXXAL™ 9S (ISONONYL ALCOHOL)

Section 1. Identification

Product name : EXXAL™ 9S (ISONONYL ALCOHOL)

Product description : Alcohol

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Chemical feedstock

Uses advised against : This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the Identified Uses above.

Supplier : ExxonMobil Marketing (Thailand) Limited

3195/26 22nd Floor Rama IV Road

Klongton, Klong Toey Bangkok 10110 Thailand

24 Hour Emergency

Telephone

: 1800014808 / +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

Supplier General Contact : 1800 010 152 (local toll free)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

This material is considered hazardous according to the classification criteria of the Hazard Classification and Communication System for Hazardous Materials BE 2555.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H227 - Combustible liquid.

H303 - May be harmful if swallowed.

H305 - May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: P301 + P331, P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide

(CO2) to extinguish flames.

: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. **Storage**

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Contains : alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich

Other hazards which do not

: None known.

result in classification

Nota

: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance

Chemical name : alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich

Ingredient name	% by weight	Identifiers
alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich	100	CAS: 68526-84-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eve contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in

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Section 4. First-aid measures

recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical

pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re-ignition. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

Section 6. Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Static Accumulator

: This material is not a static accumulator.

Loading/Unloading **Temperature**

: Ambient

Transport Temperature

: Ambient

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Storage Temperature Storage Pressure

: Ambient : Ambient

Suitable Containers/Packing: Tank Cars, Tank Trucks, Drums

Suitable Materials and

Coatings

: Carbon Steel, Stainless Steel, aluminium, polypropylene, Nylon, Teflon, Viton

Unsuitable Materials and

: Natural Rubber, butyl rubber, Vinyls

Coatings

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich	ExxonMobil (COMPANY) STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material
- **Body protection**
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection
- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- **Respiratory protection**
- : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear]
Colour : Colourless
Odour : Mild

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

: 200 to 220°C (392 to 428°F) [ASTM D1078]

Flash point : Closed cup: >80°C (>176°F) [ASTM D-93]

Evaporation rate : <0.2 (butyl acetate = 1) [In-house method]

Flammability : Flammable liquids - Category 4

Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.7% [In-house method]

limit/flammability limit Upper: 6.4%

Vapour pressure : 0.05 mm Hg [Calculated]

Relative vapour density : >1 [Air = 1] [In-house method]

Relative density : 0.835 [In-house method]

Density : 0.834 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [ASTM D4052]

Solubility in water : Negligible

Partition coefficient: n- : 3.5 [In-house method]

octanol/water

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Auto-ignition temperature : >250°C (>482°F) [In-house method]

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity : 17 cSt [20 °C] [ASTM D7042]

Molecular weight : 144

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Pour point : <-50°C [ASTM D5950]

Hygroscopic : No

Coefficient of Thermal : 0.00085 per Deg C

Expansion

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,oxidising materials,

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Duration
alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	>21.7 mg/l >3160 mg/kg 2979 mg/kg	6 hours - -

Conclusion/Summary

Inhalation : Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for the material. Test(s)

equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403

Dermal : Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for the material. Test(s)

equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402

Oral : Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for the material. Test(s)

equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 420

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Irritating to the skin. Data available. Based on test data for the material. Test(s)

equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404

Eyes : Irritating and will injure eye tissue. Data available. Based on test data for the material.

Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405

Respiratory: Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for material.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406

Respiratory

: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 473

476 487 490

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 414

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for

material.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Target organs
alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich	Not applicable.	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Data

available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or

similar to OECD Guideline 422

Aspiration hazard

Conclusion/Summary : May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico-chemical

properties of the material. Data available.

Other information

Product

: Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Duration	Species	Result
alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich	72 hours 48 hours	Algae - <i>Alga</i> daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	Acute EC50 3.4 mg/l Model prediction Acute EC50 4.9 mg/l data for the material
	96 hours	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	Acute LC50 10.1 mg/l data for the material
	72 hours	Algae - <i>Alga</i>	Chronic NOEC 1.2 mg/l Model prediction
	30 days	Fish - <i>Fish</i>	Chronic NOEC 0.43 mg/l Model prediction
	16 days	Invertebrate - Invertebrate	Chronic NOEC 0.39 mg/l Model prediction

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Qualifier	Media
alcohols, c8-10-iso, c9 rich	Ready Biodegradability	,	data for the material	water

Biodegradability : Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Hydrolysis : Material -- Transformation due to hydrolysis not expected to be significant.
 Photolysis : Material -- Transformation due to photolysis not expected to be significant.

16day(s)

Atmospheric Oxidation : Material -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor

(BCF)

Dietary Bioaccumulation

(BMF)

: 0.016 22day(s)

Conclusion/Summary : Material -- Potential to bioaccumulate is low.

: 21

Mobility in soil

Mobility : Material -- Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Moderately

volatile.

Other ecological information

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADR	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-

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Section 14. Transport information				
Packing group	-	-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name

Remarks

: NONYL ALCOHOL (ALL ISOMERS)

Liquid bulk cargoes:

Ship type: 2

Pollution category: Y

Section 15. Regulatory information

Hazardous Substance Act BE2535: Not Regulated

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC) : All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL) : All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (CSCL) : All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and : All components are listed or exempted.

Health Act)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

(NZIoC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

Korea inventory (KECI)

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

(TCSI)

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Product code : 1167410 13417093

Notice to reader

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